WG8583-PRO
WatchGuard ${ }^{\circledR}$ WG8583 Compatible TAA Compliant 10GBase-SR SFP+ Transceiver (MMF, 850nm, 300m, DOM, 0 to 70C, LC)

## Features

- SFF-8432 and SFF-8472 Compliance
- VCSEL transmitter and PIN receiver
- Duplex LC Connector
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- Multi-mode Fiber
- Hot Pluggable
- Excellent ESD Protection
- Metal with Lower EMI
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



## Applications:

- 10GBase-SR Ethernet
- $8 x / 10 x$ Fibre Channel
- Access, Datacenter and Enterprise
- Mobile Fronthaul CPRI/OBSAI


## Product Description

This WatchGuard ${ }^{\circledR}$ WG8583 compatible SFP+ transceiver provides 10GBase-SR throughput up to 300m over multi-mode fiber (MMF) using a wavelength of 850 nm via an LC connector. It is guaranteed to be $100 \%$ compatible with the equivalent WatchGuard ${ }^{\circledR}$ transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

Proline's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. \& 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. - made or designated country end products.


## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Maximum Supply Voltage | Vcc | -0.5 | 4.0 | V |
| Storage Temperature | TS | -40 | 85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating Case Temperature | Tc | 0 | 70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating Humidity | RH | 5 | 85 | $\%$ |
| Receiver Power | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {MAx }}$ |  | -1 | dBm |
| Maximum Bitrate | $\mathrm{B}_{\max }$ |  | 11.3 | Gbps |

Electrical Characteristics ( $\mathrm{TOP}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{Vcc}=3.3 \mathrm{Volts}$ )

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power Supply Voltage | Vcc | 3.15 | 3.30 | 3.43 | V |  |
| Power Supply Current | Icc |  |  | 303 | mA |  |
| Power Consumption | P DISS |  |  | 1 | W |  |
| Transmitter |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Differential data input swing | Vin,pp | 120 |  | 850 | mV |  |
| Input differential impedance | Zin | 80 | 100 | 120 | $\Omega$ |  |
| Receiver |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Differential data output swing | Vout, pp | 300 |  | 850 | mV |  |
| Output differential impedance | Zin | 80 | 100 | 120 | $\Omega$ |  |

Optical Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transmitter |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Optical Power (average) | $\mathrm{P}_{\text {AVE }}$ | -7.3 |  | -1.2 | dBm | 1 |
| Optical Modulation amplitude (OMA) | PомA | -1.5 |  |  | dBm | 2 |
| Optical Extinction Ratio | ER | 3 |  |  | dB |  |
| Optical Wavelength | T $\lambda$ | 840 | 850 | 860 | nm |  |
| Insertion loss | IL |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| Receiver |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receiver Sensitivity (average) | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {ave }}$ |  |  | -9.9 | dBm | 3 |
| Receiver Sensitivity (OMA) | Roma |  |  | -11.1 |  | 2 |
| Receiver overload | $\mathrm{P}_{\text {max }}$ | -1 |  |  | dBm | 4 |
| Receiver wavelength | $\mathrm{R} \lambda$ | 840 |  | 860 | nm |  |

## Notes:

1. Coupled into a Multi-mode fibre
2. Per IEEE 802.3ae specification
3. Average power, back-to-back, @10.31Gbps, BER 1E-12, PRBS 231-1.
4. Exceeding the Receiver overload can physically damage the module. Please use appropriate attenuation.

Pin Descriptions

| Pin | Symbol | Name/Descriptions | Ref. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | VeeT | Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground). | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | TX Fault | Transmitter Fault. LVTTL-O | 2 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | TX Disable | Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open. LVTT-I. | 3 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | SDA | 2-Wire Serial Interface Data Line (Same as MOD-DEF2 in INF-8074i). LVTTL- <br> l/O. |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | SCL | 2-Wire Serial Interface Data Line (Same as MOD-DEF2 in INF-8074i). LVTTL-I. |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | MOD_ABS | Module Absent, Connect to VeeT or VeeR in Module. | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | RSO | Rate Select 0. Not used | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | LOS | Loss of Signal indication. Logic O indicates normal operation. LVTTL-O. | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | RS1 | Rate Select 1. Not used | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | VeeR | Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground). | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | VeeR | Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled. CML-O. | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | RD- | Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled. CML-O. |  |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | RD+ | Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground). |  |
| $\mathbf{1 4}$ | VeeR | Receiver Power Supply. | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 5}$ | VccR | Transmitter Power Supply. | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 6}$ | VccT | Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground). |  |
| $\mathbf{1 7}$ | VeeT | Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled. CML-I. |  |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ | TD+ | Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled. CML-O. |  |
| $\mathbf{1 9}$ | TD- | VeeT | Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground). |

## Notes:

1. The module signal ground contacts, VeeR and VeeT, should be isolated from the module case.
2. This contact is an open collector/drain output and should be pulled up to the Vcc_Host with resister in the range $4.7 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ to $10 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$. Pull ups can be connected to one or several power supplies, however the host board design shall ensure that no module contract has voltage exceeding module VccT/R +0.5.V.
3. Tx_Disable is an input contact with a $4.7 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ to $10 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ pull-up resistor to VccT inside module.
4. Mod_ABS is connected to VeeT or VeeR in the SFP+ module. The host may pull the contract up to Vcc_Host with a resistor in the range from $4.7 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ to $10 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$. Mod_ABS is asserted "High" when the SFP+ module is physically absent from a host slot.
5. Internally pulled down per SFF-8431


Pin-out of connector Block on Host board

Recommended Circuit Schematic


## Mechanical Specifications

Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) transceivers are compatible with the dimensions defined by the SFP MultiSourcing Agreement (MSA).


## EEPROM Information

EEPROM memory map specific data field description is as below:


| 2 wire address 1010001X (A2h |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 55 | Alarm and Warning Thresholds (56 bytes) |
| 95 | Cal Constants (40 bytes) |
|  | Real Time Diagnostic Interface ( 24 bytes) |
| $119$ | Vendor Specific (8 bytes) |
| 247 | User Writable <br> EEPROM (120 bytes) |
|  |  |
|  | Vendor Specific (8 bytes) |

## About Us:

Proline Options is one of North America's leading providers of transceivers and high speed cabling. With a reputation for quality, tested products that cover the connectivity spectrum, Proline Options has a solution for you regardless of the specification.

At Proline Options, every product is tested in its intended application - never batch or spec tested only. We run bandwidth, distance and IOS network tests. We have documented an impressive $0.03 \%$ failure rate over the last 10 years. To continue this rate of success we invest millions annually in our own on-site testing lab.

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