

QDD-400G-VSR4-PRO

Arista Networks® QDD-400G-VSR4 Compatible TAA Compliant 400GBase-SR4 PAM4 112G QSFP-DD Transceiver (MMF, 850nm, 100m, 0 to 70C, MPO-12)

Features

- 53.125 GBd PAM4 4 channel 400G-SR4 Optical interface
- Compliant with IEEE 802.3ck and IEEE 802.3db
- 26.5625 GBd PAM4 8 channel 400G AUI-8 C2M Electrical interface
- Multi-mode Fiber
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- QSFP-DD MSA package with MPO-12 APC
- Metal with Lower EMI
- Hot Pluggable
- CMIS Rev4.0
- Excellent ESD Protection
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



Applications:

- 400GBase Ethernet
- Datacenter switch

Product Description

This Arista Networks® QDD-400G-VSR4 compatible QSFP-DD transceiver provides 400GBase-SR4 throughput up to 100m over multi-mode fiber (MMF) using a wavelength of 850nm via an MPO-12 connector. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent Arista Networks® transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

Proline's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. – made or designated country end products.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Maximum Supply Voltage | Vcc | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.5 | V | |
| Storage Temperature | Tstg | -40 | | 85 | °C | |
| Operating Case Temperature | Tc | 0 | | 70 | °C | |
| Operating Relative Humidity | RH | 5 | | 85 | % | 1 |
| Optical Input Power | PIN | | | 5 | dBm | |

Notes:

1. Non-condensing.

Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|--|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-------|
| Module Supply Voltage | VCC | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | V | |
| Supply Current | ICC | | | 2640 | mA | |
| Module Power Dissipation | P | | | 8 | W | |
| Transmitter | | | | | | |
| Differential Input Impedance | ZIN | | 100 | | Ω | |
| Receiver | | | | | | |
| Differential output Impedance | Zos | 90 | 100 | 110 | Ω | |
| Common-Mode to Differential-Mode Return Loss | RLdc | Note 1 | | | dB | |
| Transition Time, 20 to 80% | Tr, Tf | 8.5 | | | ps | |

Notes:

1.
$$RLdc(f) \geq \begin{cases} 25 - 22(f/53.125) & 0.05 \leq f \leq 26.56 \\ 19 - 10(f/53.125) & 26.56 < f \leq 50 \end{cases}$$

Optical Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|--|-------------|------|---|-------------------|------------|-------|
| Transmitter | | | | | | |
| Optical Data Rate per channel (PAM4) | DR | | 53.125 | | GBd | |
| Frequency Tracking | Ft | -100 | | 100 | ppm | |
| Center Wavelength | λ_C | 844 | 850 | 863 | nm | |
| RMS Spectral Width | | | | 0.6 | nm | 1 |
| Laser Off Power | Poff | | | -30 | dBm | |
| Average Optical Power | Pavg | -4.6 | | 4 | dBm | |
| Extinction Ratio | ER | 2.5 | | | dB | |
| Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure | TDECQ | | | 4.4 | dB | |
| Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude | OMAouter | -2.6 | | 3.5 | dBm | 2 |
| Encircled Flux, Each Lane | | | $\geq 86\%$ @ 19 μm $\leq 30\%$ @ 4.5 μm | | dB | 3 |
| Optical Return Loss Tolerance | ORLT | | | 14 | dB | |
| Receiver | | | | | | |
| Electrical Data Rate Per Channel (PAM4) | DR | | 26.5625 | | GBd | |
| Frequency Tracking | Ft | -100 | | 100 | ppm | |
| Center Wavelength | λ_r | 842 | 850 | 948 | nm | |
| Damage Threshold | | 5 | | | dBm | |
| Average Receive Power | | -6.4 | | 4 | dBm | 4 |
| Receiver Reflectance | | | | -15 | dB | |
| Differential Data Output Voltage Peak to Peak Swing | Vopp | 600 | | 845 | mV | |
| Receiver Sensitivity (OMAouter) (max) For $\text{TECQ} \leq 1.8\text{dB}$ For $1.8\text{dB} < \text{TECQ} \leq 4.4\text{dB}$ | RS | | | -4.6 -6.4+TECQ | dBm dBm | |
| Eye Height | EH | 15 | | | mV | |
| Vertical Eye Closure | VEC | | | 12 | dB | |

Notes:

1. RMS spectral width is the standard deviation of the spectrum.
2. Even if the TDECQ < 1.8dB, the OMA (min) must exceed this value.
3. If measured into type A1a.2, type A1a.3 or type A1a.4, 50 μm fiber, in accordance with IEC 61280-1-4.
4. Average receive power, each lane (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A received power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
Receiver sensitivity is informative and is defined for a transmitter with a value of SECQ up to 4.6dB.

Pin Descriptions

| Pin | Logic | Symbol | Name/Descriptions | Notes |
|-----|------------|----------|--|-------|
| 1 | | GND | Ground | |
| 2 | CML-I | Tx2n | Transmitter Inverted Data Input | |
| 3 | CML-I | Tx2p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input | |
| 4 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 5 | CML-I | Tx4n | Transmitter Inverted Data Input | |
| 6 | CML-I | Tx4p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input | |
| 7 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 8 | LVTTTL-I | ModSelL | Module Select | |
| 9 | LVTTTL-I | ResetL | Module Reset | |
| 10 | | VccRx | 3.3V Power Supply Receiver | 2 |
| 11 | LVCNOS-I/O | SCL | 2 Wire Serial Interface Clock | |
| 12 | LVCNOS-I/O | SDA | 2 Wire Serial Interface Data | |
| 13 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 14 | CML-O | Rx3n | Transmitter Inverted Data Output | |
| 15 | CML-O | Rx3p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Output | |
| 16 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 17 | CML-O | Rx1n | Transmitter Inverted Data Output | |
| 18 | CML-O | Rx1p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Output | |
| 19 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 20 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 21 | CML-O | Rx2n | Transmitter Inverted Data Output | |
| 22 | CML-O | Rx2p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Output | |
| 23 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 24 | CML-O | Rx4n | Transmitter Inverted Data Output | |
| 25 | CML-O | Rx4p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Output | |
| 26 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 27 | LVTTTL-O | ModPrsL | Module Present | |
| 28 | LVTTTL-O | IntL | Interrupt | |
| 29 | | VccRx | 3.3V Power Supply Transmitter | 2 |
| 30 | | Vcc I | 3.3V Power Supply | 2 |
| 31 | LVTTTL-I | InitMode | Initialization mode. In legacy QSFP applications, the InitMode pad is called LPMODE. | |
| 32 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 33 | CML-I | Tx1n | Transmitter Inverted Data Input | |
| 34 | CML-I | Tx1p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input | |
| 35 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 36 | CML-I | Tx1n | Transmitter Inverted Data Input | |

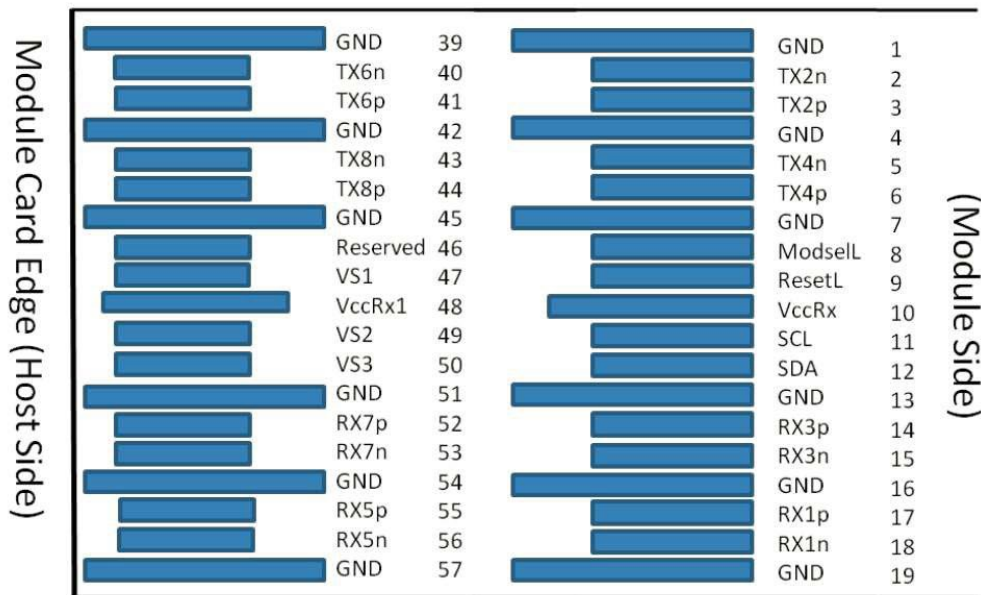
| | | | | |
|----|-------|----------|--------------------------------------|---|
| 37 | CML-I | Tx1p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input | |
| 38 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 39 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 40 | CML-I | Tx6n | Transmitter Inverted Data Input | |
| 41 | CML-I | Tx6p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input | |
| 42 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 43 | CML-I | Tx8n | Transmitter Inverted Data Input | |
| 44 | CML-I | Tx8p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input | |
| 45 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 46 | | Reserved | NC | 3 |
| 47 | | VS1 | NC | 3 |
| 48 | | VccRx1 | 3.3V Power Supply | 2 |
| 49 | | VS2 | NC | 3 |
| 50 | | VS3 | NC | 3 |
| 51 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 52 | CML-O | Rx7n | Transmitter Inverted Data Output | |
| 53 | CML-O | Rx7p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Output | |
| 54 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 55 | CML-O | Rx5n | Transmitter Inverted Data Output | |
| 56 | CML-O | Rx5p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Output | |
| 57 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 58 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 59 | CML-O | Rx6n | Transmitter Inverted Data Output | |
| 60 | CML-O | Rx6p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Output | |
| 61 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 62 | CML-O | Rx8n | Transmitter Inverted Data Output | |
| 63 | CML-O | Rx8p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Output | |
| 64 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 65 | | NC | NC | 3 |
| 66 | | Reserved | NC | 3 |
| 67 | | VccTx1 | 3.3V Power Supply | 2 |
| 68 | | Vcc2 | 3.3V Power Supply | 2 |
| 69 | | Reserved | NC | 3 |
| 70 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 71 | CML-I | Tx7n | Transmitter Inverted Data Input | |
| 72 | CML-I | Tx7p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input | |
| 73 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
| 74 | CML-I | Tx5n | Transmitter Inverted Data Input | |
| 75 | CML-I | Tx5p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input | |

| | | | | |
|----|--|-----|--------|---|
| 76 | | GND | Ground | 1 |
|----|--|-----|--------|---|

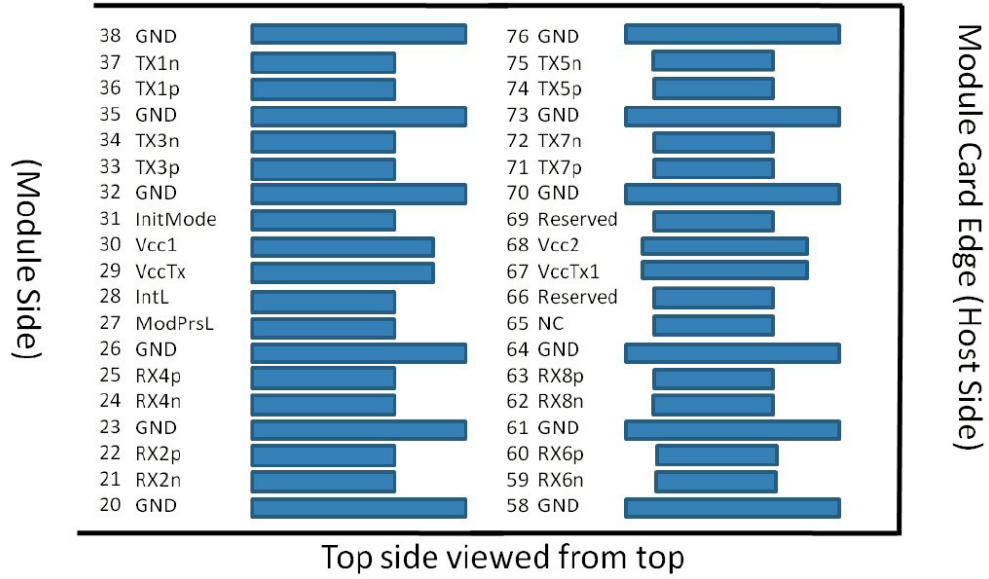
Notes:

1. QSFP-DD uses common ground (GND) for all signals and supply (power). All are common within the QSFP-DD module and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal-common ground plane.
2. VccRx, VccRx1, Vcc1, Vcc2, VccTx and VccTx1 shall be applied concurrently. Requirements defined for the host side of the Host Card Edge Connector are listed in Table 6. VccRx, VccRx1, Vcc1, Vcc2, VccTx and VccTx1 may be internally connected within the module in any combination. The connector Vcc pins are each rated for a maximum current of 1000mA.
3. All Vendor Specific, Reserved and No Connect pins may be terminated with 50 ohms to ground on the host. Pad 65 (No Connect) shall be left unconnected within the module. Vendor specific and reserved pads shall have an impedance to GND that is greater than 10kΩ and less than 100pF.
4. Plug Sequence specifies the mating sequence of the host connector and module. The sequence is 1A, 2A, 3A, 1B, 2B, 3B. (see Figure 2 for pad locations) Contact sequence A will make, then break contact with additional QSFP-DD pads. Sequence 1A, 1B will then occur simultaneously, followed by 2A, 2B, followed by 3A, 3B.

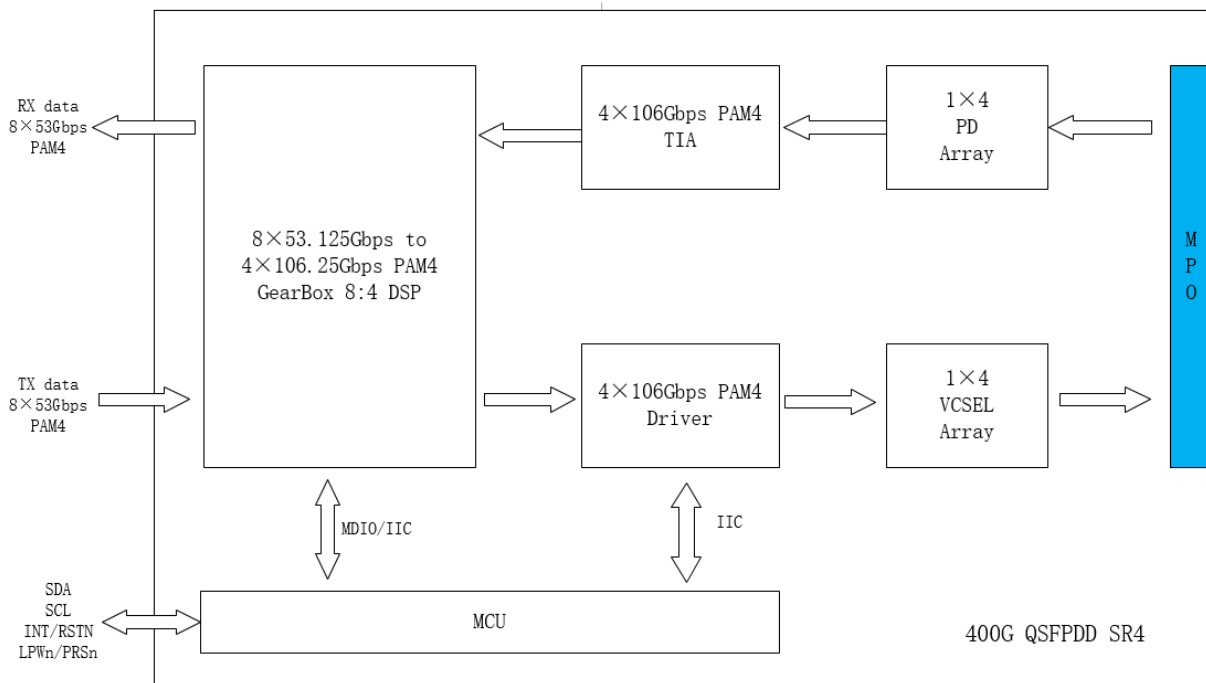
Electrical Pin-Out Details



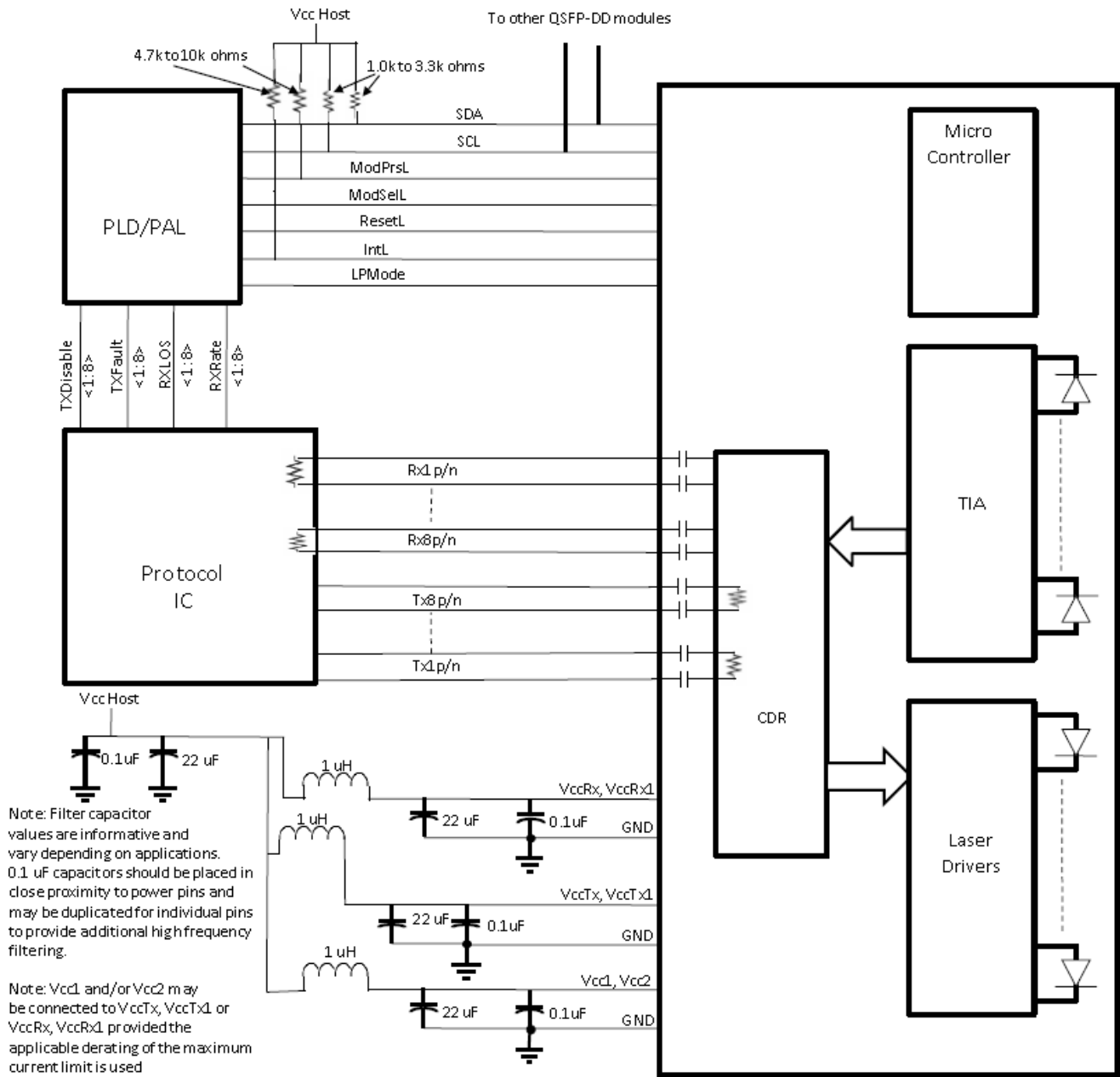
Bottom side viewed from bottom



Transceiver Block Diagram

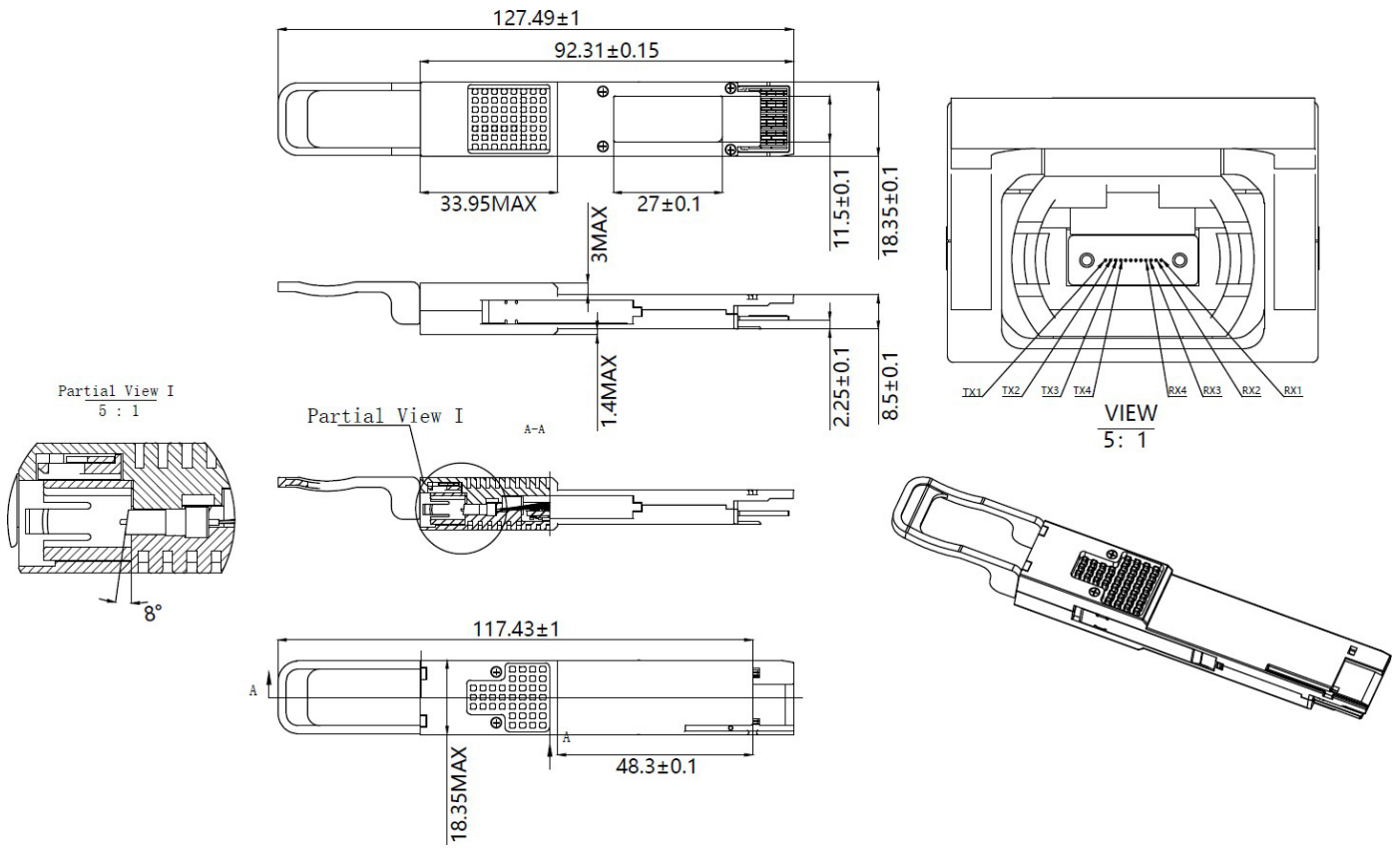


Recommended Interface Circuit



QSPF-DD Optical Module

Mechanical Specifications



About Us:

Proline Options is one of North America's leading providers of transceivers and high speed cabling. With a reputation for quality, tested products that cover the connectivity spectrum, Proline Options has a solution for you regardless of the specification.

At Proline Options, every product is tested in its intended application - never batch or spec tested only. We run bandwidth, distance and IOS network tests. We have documented an impressive 0.03% failure rate over the last 10 years. To continue this rate of success we invest millions annually in our own on-site testing lab.



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