

### 3AL82081AA-PRO

Alcatel-Lucent Nokia® 3AL82081AA Compatible TAA Compliant 1000Base-CWDM SFP Transceiver (SMF, 1510nm, 160km, DOM, 0 to 70C, LC)

#### Features

- INF-8074 and SFF-8472 Compliance
- Duplex LC Connector
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- Single-mode Fiber
- Hot Pluggable
- Excellent ESD Protection
- Metal with Lower EMI
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



#### Applications:

- 1000Base-SX Ethernet
- 1x Fibre Channel
- Access, Metro and Enterprise

#### Product Description

This Alcatel-Lucent Nokia® 3AL82081AA compatible SFP transceiver provides 1000Base-CWDM throughput up to 160km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1510nm via an LC connector. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent Alcatel-Lucent Nokia® transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

Proline's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. – made or designated country end products.



## Regulatory Compliance

- ESD to the Electrical PINs: compatible with MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.4.
- ESD to the LC Receptacle: compatible with IEC 61000-4-3.
- EMI/EMC: compatible with FCC Part 15 Subpart B Rules, EN55022:2010.
- Laser Eye Safety: compatible with FDA 21CFR, EN60950-1& EN (IEC) 60825-1, 2.
- RoHS: compliant with EU RoHS 2.0 directive 2015/863/EU.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter                  | Symbol           | Min. | Typ.           | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|----------------------------|------------------|------|----------------|------|------|-------|
| Maximum Supply Voltage     | V <sub>cc</sub>  | -0.5 |                | 4.0  | V    |       |
| Storage Temperature        | T <sub>stg</sub> | -40  |                | 85   | °C   |       |
| Operating Case Temperature | T <sub>c</sub>   | 0    | 25             | 70   | °C   |       |
| Relative Humidity          | RH               | 5    |                | 95   | %    |       |
| Data Rate                  |                  |      | 1.25<br>1.0625 |      | Gbps |       |

## Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter   | Symbol            | Min.  | Typ. | Max.            | Unit  | Notes |
|---|-------------------|-------|------|-----------------|-------|-------|
| Power Supply Voltage  | V <sub>cc</sub>   | 3.135 | 3.3  | 3.465           | V     |       |
| Power Supply Current  | I <sub>cc</sub>   |       |      | 300             | mA    |       |
| Power Dissipation   | P <sub>Diss</sub> |       |      | 1000            | mW    |       |
| Transmitter Differential Input Voltage (TD +/-)                         |                   | 300   |      | 2200            | mVp-p | 1     |
| Receiver Differential Output Voltage (RD +/-)                           |                   | 600   |      | 1200            | mVp-p | 2     |
| Low-Speed Output: Transmitter Fault(Tx_Fault)/ Loss of Signal (LOS)     | VOH               | 2.0   |      | V <sub>cc</sub> | V     | 3     |
|   | VOL               | 0     |      | 0.8             | V     |       |
| Low-Speed Input: Transmitter Disable (Tx_Disable), MOD_DEF 1, MOD_DEF 2 | VIH               | 2.0   |      | V <sub>cc</sub> | V     | 4     |
|   | VIL               | 0     |      | 0.8             | V     |       |

## Notes:

1. Internally AC coupled and terminated to 100Ω differential load.
2. Internally AC coupled bit requires a 100Ω differential termination or internal to Serializer/Deserializer.
3. Pulled up externally with a 4.7KΩ-10KΩ resistor on the host board to V<sub>ccT/R</sub>.
4. MOD\_DEF1 and MOD\_Def2 must be pulled up externally with a 4.7KΩ-10KΩ resistor on the host board V<sub>ccT,r</sub>.

## Optical Characteristics

| Parameter                                       | Symbol  | Min.          | Typ.      | Max.          | Unit | Notes |
|---|---|---------------|-----------|---------------|------|-------|
| <b>Transmitter</b>                              |   |               |           |               |      |       |
| Launch Optical Power                            | Pavg  | 2             |           | 7             | dBm  |       |
| Center Wavelength Range                         | $\lambda_C$   | $\lambda-6.5$ | $\lambda$ | $\lambda+6.5$ | nm   | 1     |
| Extinction Ratio                                | EX  | 9             |           |               | dB   |       |
| Spectral Width (-20dB)                          | $\Delta\lambda$   |               |           | 1             | nm   |       |
| Side Mode Suppression Ratio                     | SMSR  | 30            |           |               | dB   |       |
| Total Jitter                                    | TJ  |               |           | 266           | ps   |       |
| Dispersion Penalty                              |   |               |           | 2             | dB   |       |
| Optical Rise/Fall Time                          | Tr/Tf   |               |           | 260           | ps   |       |
| Pout @TX-Disable Asserted                       | Pout  |               |           | -45           | dBm  |       |
| Eye Diagram                                     | IEEE Std 802.3-2005 Gigabit Ethernet 1000Base-LX compatible |               |           |               |      |       |
| <b>Receiver</b>                                 |   |               |           |               |      |       |
| Receiver Sensitivity                            | S   |               |           | -34           | dBm  | 2     |
| Receiver Overload                               |   | -9            |           |               | dBm  |       |
| Optical Return Loss                             | ORL   | 27            |           |               | dB   |       |
| LOS De-Assert                                   | LOSD  |               |           | -35           | dBm  |       |
| LOS Assert                                      | LOSA  | -45           |           |               | dBm  |       |
| LOS Hysteresis                                  |   | 0.5           | 3         | 5             | dB   |       |
| Tx_Disable assert time                          | T_off   |               |           | 10            | Us   |       |
| Tx_Disable negate time                          | T_on  |               |           | 1             | ms   |       |
| Time to Initialize (Includes Reset of TX_FAULT) | T_init  |               |           | 300           | ms   |       |
| TX_Fault from Fault to Assertion                | T_fault   |               |           | 100           | us   |       |
| Tx_Disable Time to Start Reset                  | T_reset   | 10            |           |               | us   |       |
| Receiver LOS Assert Time (On to Off)            | T_D,RX_LOS  |               |           | 80            | us   |       |
| Receiver LOS Assert Time (Off to On)            | T_A,RX_LOS  |               |           | 80            | us   |       |
| Serial 12C Clock Rate                           | I2C_Clock   |               |           | 100           | kHz  |       |

### Notes:

1. The CWDM Transmitter Center Wavelengths " $\lambda$ " are: 1270, 1290, 1310, 1330, 1350, 1370, 1390, 1410, 1430, 1450, 1470, 1490, 1510, 1530, 1550, 1570, 1590 and 1610nm. 1270 to 1450nm are named herein as O-band wavelength and 1470 to 1610nm as L-band wavelength generally.
2. Measured with PRBS 2<sup>7</sup>-1 test pattern, 1.25Gb/s, EX=9dB, BER<10<sup>-12</sup>.

## Pin Descriptions

| Pin | Symbol      | Name/Descriptions                                       | Engagement Order (Insertion) | Ref. |
|-----|-------------|---|------------------------------|------|
| 1   | VeeT        | Transmitter Ground.                                     | 1                            | 1    |
| 2   | TX Fault    | Transmitter Fault Indication.                           | 3                            | 1    |
| 3   | TX Disable  | Transmitter Disable. Module disables on "high or open." | 3                            | 2    |
| 4   | MOD-DEF2    | Module Definition 2. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface.        | 3                            | 3    |
| 5   | MOD-DEF1    | Module Definition 1. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface.        | 3                            | 3    |
| 6   | MOD-DEF0    | Module Definition 0. Grounded in module.                | 3                            | 3    |
| 7   | Rate Select | Not Connected.  | 3                            |      |
| 8   | LOS         | Loss of Signal.   | 3                            | 4    |
| 9   | VeeR        | Receiver Ground.  | 1                            |      |
| 10  | VeeR        | Receiver Ground.  | 1                            |      |
| 11  | VeeR        | Receiver Ground.  | 1                            |      |
| 12  | RD-         | Inverse Received Data out.                              | 3                            | 5    |
| 13  | RD+         | Received Data out.                                      | 3                            | 5    |
| 14  | VeeR        | Receiver Ground.  | 1                            |      |
| 15  | VccR        | Receiver Power - +3.3V±5%                               | 2                            | 6    |
| 16  | VccT        | Transmitter Power - +3.3 V±5%                           | 2                            | 6    |
| 17  | VeeT        | Transmitter Ground.                                     | 1                            |      |
| 18  | TD+         | Transmitter Data In.                                    | 3                            | 7    |
| 19  | TD-         | Inverse Transmitter Data In.                            | 3                            | 7    |
| 20  | VeeT        | Transmitter Ground.                                     | 1                            |      |

### Notes:

1. Tx\_Fault is open collector/drain output which should be pulled up externally with a 4.7KΩ-10KΩ resistor on the host board to supply <math>V\_{ccT} + 0.3V</math> or <math>V\_{ccR} + 0.3V</math>. When "high," this output indicates a laser fault of some kind. "Low" indicates normal operation. In the "low" state, the output will be pulled to <math>< 0.8V</math>.
2. Tx\_Disable input is used to shut down the laser output per the state table below. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7KΩ-10KΩ resistor.

|                        |                      |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| Low (0 – 0.8V):        | Transmitter on       |
| Between (0.8V and 2V): | Undefined            |
| High (2.0 – VccT):     | Transmitter Disabled |
| Open:                  | Transmitter Disabled |

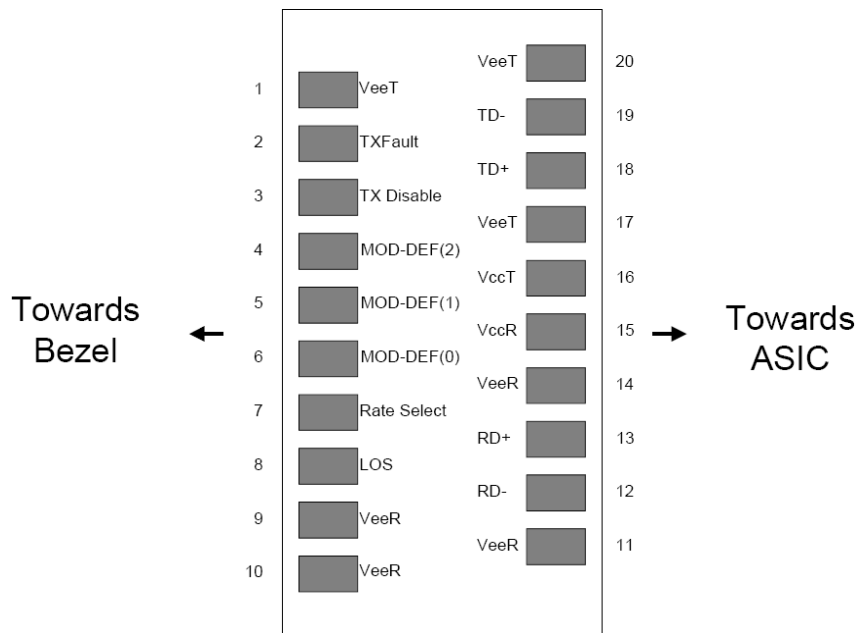
3. MOD\_Def0, 1, 2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7KΩ-10KΩ resistor on the host board to supply less than <math>V\_{ccT} + 0.3V</math> or <math>V\_{ccR} + 0.3V</math>.

Mod-Def0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present.

Mod\_Def1 is clock line of the 2-wire serial interface for optional serial ID.

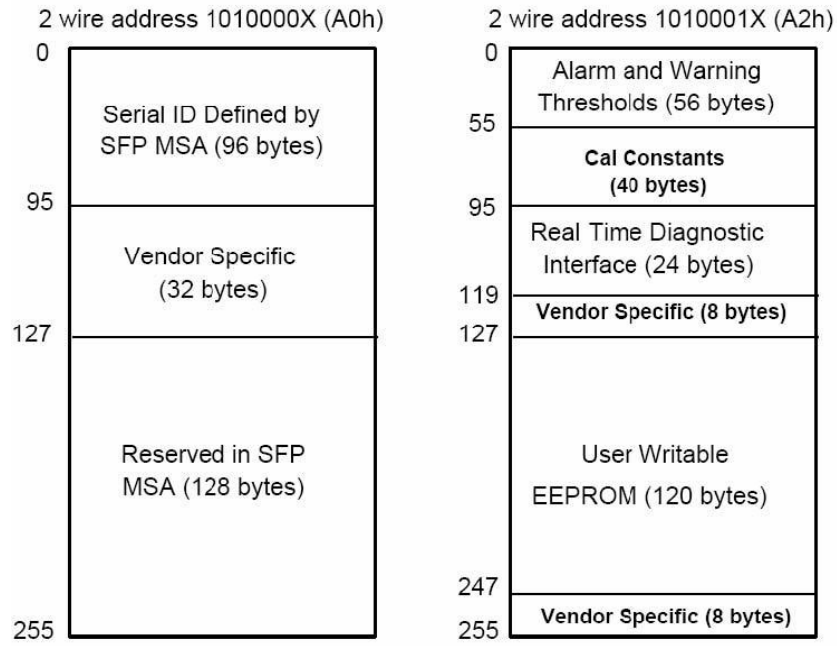
Mod\_Def2 is data line of two wire serial interface for optional serial ID.

4. LOS (Loss of signal) is an open collector/drain output which should be pulled up externally with a 4.7K $\Omega$ -10K $\Omega$  resistor on the host board to supply  $<V_{ccT}+0.3V$  or  $V_{ccR}+0.3V$ . When "high," this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). "Low" indicates normal operation. In the "low" state, the output will be pulled to  $<0.8V$ .
5. RD-/+ : These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100 $\Omega$  differential lines which should be terminated with 100 $\Omega$  differential at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and thus not required on the host board.
6. VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V $\pm$ 5% at the SFP connector pin. The in-rush current will typically be no more than 30mA above steady state supply current after 500ns.
7. TD-/+ : These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC coupled differential lines with 100 $\Omega$  differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on host board.

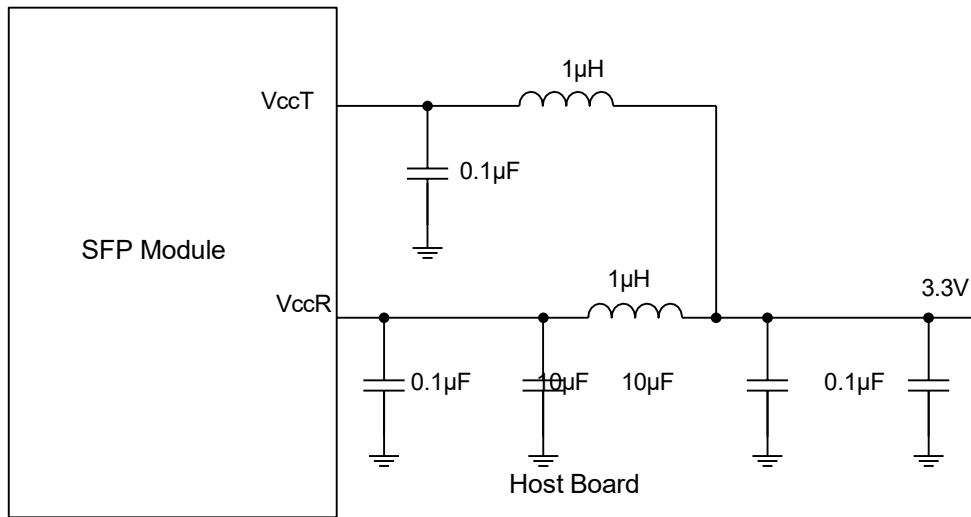


Pin-Out of Connector Block on the Host Board

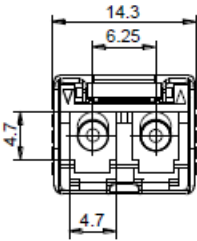
## Digital Diagnostic Memory Map



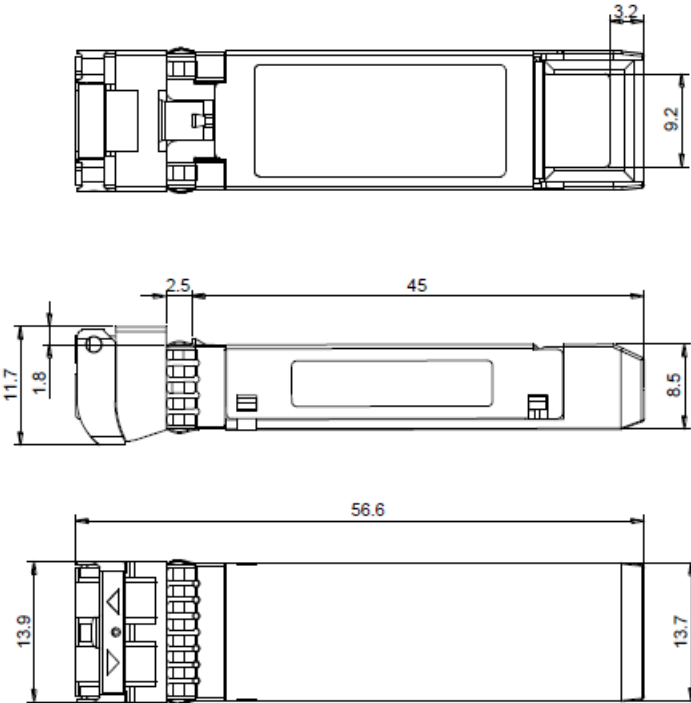
## Recommended Host Board Power Supply



**Mechanical Specifications**



Unit:mm



**About Us:**

Proline Options is one of North America's leading providers of transceivers and high speed cabling. With a reputation for quality, tested products that cover the connectivity spectrum, Proline Options has a solution for you regardless of the specification.

At Proline Options, every product is tested in its intended application - never batch or spec tested only. We run bandwidth, distance and IOS network tests. We have documented an impressive 0.03% failure rate over the last 10 years. To continue this rate of success we invest millions annually in our own on-site testing lab.



Tel: 855.933.3223

Email: [sales@prolineoptions.com](mailto:sales@prolineoptions.com)

Email: [techsupport@prolineoptions.com](mailto:techsupport@prolineoptions.com)

Web: <https://www.prolineoptions.com>